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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

☒ ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021

☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from_____ to _____

BIO ESSENCE CORP.
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN CHARTER)

California	**333-232839**	**94-3349551**
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)	(COMMISSION FILE NO.)	(IRS EMPLOYEE IDENTIFICATION NO.)

8 Studebaker Drive in Irvine, California 92618
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

(949) 706-9966
(ISSUER TELEPHONE NUMBER)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:
None.

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:
Common Stock, $0.0001 par value per share
(Title of Class)

Check whether the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Check whether the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes ☒ No ☐

Check whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) contained herein, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "non-accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐
Non-accelerated filer ☐
Accelerated filer ☐
Smaller reporting company ☒
Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☐

Check whether the issuer is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates of the issuer (based on a valuation of $0.50 per share) was $1,272,000 as of December 31, 2021.

As of the most recent practicable date, there were 33,009,000 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, with a par value $0.0001.

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PART I

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Information included or incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain as they are based on current expectations and assumptions concerning future events or future performance of the Company. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are only predictions and speak only as of the date hereof. Forward-looking statements may contain the words "believes," "project," "expects," "anticipates," "estimates," "forecasts," "intends," "strategy," "plan," "may," "will," "would," "will be," "will continue," "will likely result," and similar expressions, and are subject to numerous known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Additionally, statements relating to implementation of business strategy, future financial performance, acquisition strategies, capital raising transactions, performance of contractual obligations, and similar statements may contain forward-looking statements. In evaluating such statements, prospective investors and shareholders should carefully review various risks and uncertainties identified in this Report, including the matters set forth under the captions "Risk Factors" and in the Company's other SEC filings. These risks and uncertainties could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements. The Company disclaims any obligation to update or publicly announce revisions to any forward-looking statements to reflect future events or developments.

Although forward-looking statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K reflect the good faith judgment of our management, such statements can only be based on facts and factors currently known by us. Consequently, forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results and outcomes may differ materially from the results and outcomes discussed in or anticipated by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences in results and outcomes include, without limitation, those specifically addressed under the heading "Risk Factors Related to Our Business" below, as well as those discussed elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Readers are urged not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We file reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). You can read and copy any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room, 100 F. Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You can obtain additional information about the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains an Internet site (www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC, including us.

We disclaim any obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements in order to reflect any event or circumstance that may arise after the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made throughout the entirety of this Annual Report, which attempt to advise interested parties of the risks and factors that may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Item 1. Business

General Corporate History

Bio Essence Corp. ("we," "us," "Bio Essence," or the "Company") is an herbal health, diet, and nutrition company. The Company's mission is to provide herbal health, diet, and vitamin nutritional supplements through three (3) operational subsidiaries, as explained below.

The Company was incorporated in the State of California on January 1, 2000. On January 27, 2016, the Company entered into a change of control whereby our controlling shareholder, Jian Yang, purchased a controlling interest in the Company. On that same date, Jian Yang entered into a stock purchase agreement with Fusion Diet Systems, Inc. a Utah corporation dba, Fusion Naturals ("FDS") to purchase a controlling interest therein. FDS was originally incorporated in Utah on April 20, 2010. On January 9, 2017, the Company created a new corporation in the State of California called Bio Essence Pharmaceutical, Inc. ("BEP") to serve as a health supplements OEM service. Then, on January 12, 2017, the Company created its third subsidiary, Bio Essence Herbal Essentials Inc, ("BEH"), which provides products and service through practitioners' market. The Company serves as a holding corporation for these subsidiaries. On November 13, 2021, the Company dissolved FDS and formed a new wholly owned subsidiary, McBE Pharma, Inc. ("McBE"). The primary focus of McBE is to focus on developing, manufacturing and sales prescription drugs.

The Company is headquartered at 8 Studebaker Drive in Irvine, California 92618 and the Company's website is http://www.bioessencecorp.com. Our telephone number is (949) 706-9966. An organizational chart appearing on the next page provides an illustration of the relationship between the entities identified above.

Employees

The Company currently has 15 full-time employees.

Emerging Growth Company

We are an emerging growth company under the JOBS Act. We shall continue to be deemed an emerging growth company until the earliest of:

(a) the last day of the fiscal year of the issuer during which it had total annual gross revenues of $1,000,000,000 (as such amount is indexed for inflation every 5 years by the Commission to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, setting the threshold to the nearest 1,000,000) or more;

(b) the last day of the fiscal year of the issuer following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of common equity securities of the issuer pursuant to an effective IPO registration statement;

(c) the date on which such issuer has, during the previous 3-year period, issued more than $1,000,000,000 in non-convertible debt; or

(d) the date on which such issuer is deemed to be a 'large accelerated filer', as defined in section 240.12b-2 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor thereto.

As an emerging growth company we are exempt from Section 404(b) of Sarbanes Oxley. Section 404(a) requires Issuers to publish information in their annual reports concerning the scope and adequacy of the internal control structure and procedures for financial reporting. This statement shall also assess the effectiveness of such internal controls and procedures. Section 404(b) requires that the registered accounting firm shall, in the same report, attest to and report on the assessment on the effectiveness of the internal control structure and procedures for financial reporting.

As an emerging growth company we are also exempt from Section 14A (a) and (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which require the shareholder approval of executive compensation and golden parachutes. We have elected to use the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards under Section 102(b)(2) of the Jobs Act, that allows us to delay the adoption of new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and private companies until those standards apply to private companies. As a result of this election, our financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with public company effective dates.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

Not applicable.

Item 2. Description of Property.

The Company maintains an office at 8 Studebaker Drive in Irvine, CA 92618. This location serves as the Company’s main headquarters and as part of its production facilities. The production facility is approximately 15000 sq. ft and has the capacity to manage all of the Company’s operations. The Company is able to manufacture most of the products in-house with the newly acquired equipment.

We do not own any properties. We currently have no policy with respect to investments or interests in real estate, real estate mortgages or securities of, or interests in, persons primarily engaged in real estate activities.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Small Business Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Common Stock

The Company has 100,000,000 shares of authorized common stock (CUSIP# 09090C105), of which, as of the end of our 2021 fiscal year, had 33,009,000 issued and outstanding. There is no market for the Company's shares, though it is in the process of filing a Form 211 pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-11 in an attempt to receive a trading symbol on the OTC Markets.

As of the most recent practicable date, there are 50 record holders of our common stock. The Company has not paid any cash dividends to date and may consider but no final decision has been made in paying dividends in the foreseeable future. We have no securities authorized for issuance under any Equity Compensation Plans.

Preferred Stock

We do not have a class of preferred stock.

Dividends

We have not paid any dividends on our common stock to date. The payment of dividends in the future will be contingent upon our revenues and earnings, if any, capital requirements and general financial condition subsequent to completion of a business combination. The payment of any will be within the discretion of our then **B**oard of Directors ("BOD"). It is the present intention of our board of directors to retain earnings, if any, for use in our business operations. However, the Board, anticipates declaring dividends in the foreseeable future.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The Company does not have any current equity compensation plans or any individual compensation arrangements with respect to its common stock or preferred stock. The issuance of any of our common or preferred stock is within the discretion of our BOD, which has the power to issue any or all of our authorized but unissued shares without stockholder approval.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

None.

Item 6. [Reserved]

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation.

Business Overview

Bio Essence Corporation ("the Company" or "Bio Essence") was incorporated in 2000 in the state of California. Fusion Diet Systems ("FDS") was incorporated in 2010 in the state of Utah. Bio Essence and FDS were owned under common control since 2016. Bio Essence and FDS are mainly engaged in manufacturing and distributing health supplement products. In January 2017, Bio Essence incorporated two subsidiaries in the state of California: BEP and BEH, Bio Essence transferred its manufacturing operation into BEP, and transferred its distributing operation into BEH. On March 1, 2017, the 100% shareholder of FDS transferred all her ownership in FDS into Bio Essence. On December 7, 2021, the Company dissolved FDS. On November 12, 2021, Bio Essence incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary McBE Pharma Inc. ("McBE") in the state of California, McBE will be engaged in research and development and manufacture of prescription medicine. As a result of the ownership restructure, BEP, BEH, and MCBE became wholly owned subsidiaries of Bio Essence, and Bio Essence serves as a holding corporation for these subsidiaries. McBE has not engaged any operations since its inception. The Company's organizational chart is as follows:

The primary focus of BEP is producing products for BEH, along with providing OEM services to other companies. BEH targets healthcare practitioners with herbal products in the form of granules, capsules, pills and tablets. It also offers special formulation service to practitioners. The Company intends to develop the subsidiary into an integrated healthcare platform that provides customers direct connections with integrative healthcare practitioners such as dietitians, nutraceutical practitioners, and other practitioners in this discipline worldwide.

However, the pandemic could result in significant disruption of global financial markets, reducing the Company's ability to access capital, which could negatively affect the Company's liquidity.

Related Party Transactions

Loans from Officer

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had loans from one major shareholder (also the Company's senior officer) of $1,785,154 and $1,108,008, respectively. At December 31, 2021, the Company had loan from another major shareholder for $608,631 for settling the litigation (see Note 8). There are no written loan agreements for these loans. These loans are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment, and therefore, deemed payable on demand.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our consolidated financial statements ("CFS"), which were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported net sales and expenses during the reporting periods. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions. We base our estimates on historical experience and various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

While our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to our CFS, we believe the following accounting policies are the most critical to assist you in fully understanding and evaluating this management discussion and analysis.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements ("CFS") are prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("US GAAP") and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regarding interim financial reporting. The functional currency of Bio Essence is U.S. dollars ("$''). The accompanying financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars ("$"). The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, BEP, BEH and McBE. All significant inter-company transactions and balances were eliminated in consolidation.

Going Concern

The Company incurred net losses of $647,564 and $595,838 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Company also had an accumulated deficit of $7,358,916 as of December 31, 2021. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company plans to increase its income by strengthening its sales force, providing attractive sales incentive programs, and increasing marketing and promotion activities. Management also intends to raise additional funds by way of a private or public offering, or by obtaining loans from banks or others. While the Company believes in the viability of its strategy to generate sufficient revenue and in its ability to raise additional funds on reasonable terms and conditions, there can be no assurances to that effect. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company's ability to further implement its business plan and generate sufficient revenue and its ability to raise additional funds by way of a public or private offering. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with US GAAP, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Significant estimates, required by management, include the recoverability of long-lived assets, allowance for doubtful accounts, and the reserve for obsolete and slow-moving inventories. Actual results could differ from those estimates

Accounts Receivable

The Company's policy is to maintain an allowance for potential credit losses on accounts receivable. Management reviews the composition of accounts receivable and analyzes historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit worthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment patterns to evaluate the adequacy of these reserves. As of December 31, 2021, and 2020, the bad debt allowance was $2,252 and $151,372 respectively.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenues following the five-step model prescribed under ASC 606: (i) identify contract(s) with a customer; (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determine the transaction price; (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognize revenues when (or as) we satisfy the performance obligation.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration we expect to receive in exchange for the sale of our product, which occurs at a point in time, typically upon delivery to the customer. The Company expenses incremental costs of obtaining a contract as and when incurred if the expected amortization period of the asset that it would have recognized is one year or less or the amount is immaterial.

Revenues from sales of goods are measured at net of reserves established for applicable discounts and allowances that are offered within contracts with the Company's customers, and are recognized when the goods are delivered to the customers.

Product revenue reserves, which are classified as a reduction in product revenues, are generally characterized in the following categories: discounts, returns and rebates. These reserves are based on estimates of the amounts earned or to be claimed on the related sales and are classified as reductions of accounts receivable as the amount is payable to the Company's customers.

Revenues from manufacture services are recognized when the manufacture process is completed pursuant to the customers' requirement and the finished goods were delivered to the customers.

The Company's return policy allows for the return of damaged or defective products and shipment errors. A notice of damage or wrong items should make within five days from receiving the goods, and actual return of the products must be completed within 30 days from the date of receiving the goods. Delayed notification for damaged or wrong products will not be accepted for return or exchange. Custom formulas and capsules are not returnable. The amount for return of products was immaterial for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Results of operations

Comparison of the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

The following table sets forth the results of our opera*tions for the periods* indicated as a percentage of net sales. Certain columns may not add due to rounding.

	2021	% of Sales	2020	% of Sales	Dollar Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Sales of goods	$ 774,066	87.17%	$ 958,700	100%	$ (184,634)	(19.26)%
Manufacture service revenue	113,918	12.83%	-	-%	113,918	-%
Total revenues	887,984	100.00%	958,700	100*.00%	(70,716)	(7.38)%
Sales of goods cost	497,905	56.07%	731,413	76.29%	(233,508)	(31.93)%
Cost of manufacture service	91,755	10.33%	-	-%	91,755	-%
Total cost of revenues	589,660	66.40%	731,413	76.29%	(141,753)	(19.38)%
Gross profit	298,324	33.60%	227,287	23.71%	71,037	31.25%
Selling expenses	70,193	7.90%	150,093	15.66%	(79,900)	(53.23)%
Bad debts	8,615	0.97%	1,872	0.2%	6,743	360.2%
General and administrative expenses	1,077,043	121.29%	907,888	94.7%	169,155	18.63%
Operating expenses	1,155,851	130.17%	1,059,853	110.56%	95,998	9.06%
Loss from operations	(857,527)	(96.57)%	(832,566)	(85.85)%	(24,961)	3%
Other income (expense), net	213,263	23.8124.02%	240,028	25.04%	(26,765)	(11.15)%
Loss before income taxes	(644,264)	(72.55)%	(592.538)	(61.81)%	(51,726)	8.73%
Income tax expense	3,300	0.37%	3,300	0.34%	-	-%
Net loss	$ (647,564)	(72.93)%	$ (595,838)	(62.15)%	$ (51,726)	8.68%

Sales

Sales for the years ended December 31, 2021, and 2020 were $887,984 and $958,700, respectively, a decrease of $70,716 or 7.38%. The decrease was primarily attributable to (i) a decrease of $80,982 in FDS's sales due to the discontinuation of most of the products of FDS beginning from the end of 2020; (ii) decreased purchase orders of $103,652 from doctors and practitioners to stock up the inventory for epidemic prevention as a result of the COVID-19 vaccine becoming available; offset by (iii) the revenue of $113,918 from BEP's newly introduced manufacture service (OEM), which BEP produces health supplement products per customers' requirement and with major raw material provided by the customers.

Costs of sales

Costs of sales for the years ended December 31, 2021, and 2020 was $589,660 and $731,413, respectively, a decrease of $141,753 or 19.38%. The decreased costs of goods sold of $233,508 was due to the decreased sales, and the lower purchase price of raw material when we purchased from local suppliers in 2021, as compared to importing from Taiwan in 2020, offset by the costs of manufacture service of $91,755 related to manufacture service (OEM).

Gross profit

The gross profit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was $298,324 and $227,287, respectively, an increase of $71,037 or 31.25%. The increased gross profit was primarily attributable to (i) the gross margin of sales of goods increased to $55.5% in the year ended December 31, 2021, from $31.1% in the year ended December 31, 2020, as we purchased TCM products from local suppliers in 2021, the average purchase price is about 2/3 of the purchase price in 2020 when we mostly imported goods from oversea; (ii) the newly introduced manufacture service contributed gross profit of $22,163.

Operating expenses

Selling expenses consist mainly of advertising, show expense, products marketing, shipping expenses, and promotion expenses. Selling expense was $70,193 for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to $150,093 for the year ended December 31, 2020, a decrease of $79,900 or 53.23%, mainly resulting from decreased freight-out expense by $14,375, and decreased marketing fees by $63,363.

Bad debt expense was $8,615 for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to $1,872 for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of 6,743 or 360.2%, primarily attributed to written off FDS's receivables as FDS was dissolved.

General and administrative expenses consist mainly of employee salaries and welfare, business meeting, utilities, accounting, and legal expenses. General and administrative expenses were $1,077,043 for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to $907,888 for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of $169,155 or 18.63%, the increase was mainly due to increased consulting fee by $33,754, increased legal expense by $15,862; increased office CAM fee by $17,115, increased salary expense by $65,973; increased stock symbol maintenance fee by $10,871, and increased merchant and service fee by $16,825.

Other income, net

Other income was $213,263 for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to $240,028 for the year ended December 31, 2020, a decrease of $26,765 or 11.15%. For the year ended December 31, 2021, other income mainly consists of PPP Loan forgiveness of $242,985 which was partly offset by interest expense of $38,558. For the year ended December 31, 2020, other income mainly consists of other income mainly resulted from waiver of refund of $244,175 for a purchase deposit which was made by a customer of FDS a few years ago, which was partly offset by interest expense of $41,900 and finance expense of $24,397.

Net loss

We had a net loss of $647,564 for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to $595,838 for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of $51,726 or 8.68%, reflected the above-mentioned factors combined.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2021, we had cash and equivalents of $303, bank overdraft of 19,032 other current assets of $261,659, other current liabilities (excluding bank overdraft) of $2,736,932, working capital deficit of $2,494,002, a current ratio of 0.10:1. As of December 31, 2020, we had cash and equivalents of $5,325, bank overdraft of $63,895, other current assets of $324,300, other current liabilities (excluding bank overdraft) of $1,830,996, working capital deficit of $1,565,266, a current ratio of 0.17:1. The following is a summary of cash provided by or used in each of the indicated types of activities during the years ended December 31, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

	2021	2020
Net cash used in operating activities	$ (1,294,118)	$ (732,744)
Net cash used in investing activities	$ (116,796)	$ (7,365)
Net cash provided by financing activities	$ 1,405,892	$ 729,273

Net cash used in operating activities

Net cash used in operating activities was $1,294,118 for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to $732,744 in 2020. The increase of cash outflow of $561,374 from operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 was principally attributable to increased cash outflow on accrued liability and other payables by $81,370, decreased cash inflow on security deposit by $33,500, and decreased cash inflow on inventory by 197,338, and increased non-cash adjustment of PPP loans forgiveness by $242,985.

Net cash used in investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities was $116,796 for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to $7,365 in 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2021, we purchased fixed assets of $119,496, offset with the proceeds from sale of fixed assets for $2,700. For the year ended December 31, 2020, we purchased fixed assets of $7,365.

Net cash provided by financing activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was $1,405,892 for the year ended December 31, 2021, compared to $729,273 in 2020. The net cash provided by financing activities in 2021 consisted of proceeds of $1,285,777 from loans from two major shareholders (one of which is the Company's senior officer), proceeds of $53,767 from loans for purchasing fixed assets, and proceeds of $115,245 from government loans, partly offset by decrease in bank overdraft of $44,863 and repayment of loan payable of 4,034. The net cash provided by financing activities in 2020 mainly consisted of proceeds from government loans of $343,340 due to the Covid-19 and loan from a major shareholder (also the senior officer) of $457,309, partly offset by return of investment to an investor for $100,000 and bank overdraft of $28,624.

Our current liabilities exceed current assets at December 31, 2021, and we incurred substantial losses and cash outflows from operating activities in the periods presented. we may have difficulty to meet upcoming cash requirements. As of December, 2021, our principal source of funds was loans from an officer (also is the Company's major shareholder). As of December, 2021, we believe we will need $1.2 million cash to continue our current business for the next 12 months. In addition to our continuous effort to improve our sales and net profits, we have explored and continue to explore other options to provide additional financing to fund future operations as well as other possible courses of action. Such actions may include, but are not limited to, securing lines of credit, sales of debt or equity securities (which may result in dilution to existing shareholders), loans and cash advances from other third parties or banks, and other similar actions. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain additional funding (if needed), on acceptable terms or at all, through a sale of our common stock, loans from financial institutions, or other third parties, or any of the actions discussed above. If we cannot sustain profitable operations, and additional capital is unavailable, lack of liquidity could have a material adverse effect on our business viability, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any financial guarantees or other commitments to guarantee the obligations of any third parties. We have not entered into any derivative contracts that are indexed to our shares and classified as shareholder's equity or that are not reflected in our consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, we do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity that serves as credit, liquidity or market risk support to such entity. We do not have any variable interest in any unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit support to us or engages in leasing, hedging or research and development services with us.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Please see the financial statements beginning on page F-1 located in this annual report on Form 10-K and incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

There are not and have not been any changes in or disagreements between the Company and its accountants on any matter of accounting principles, practices, or financial statement disclosure.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

The Company's Chief Executive, Yin Yan, is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the Company.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

For purposes of this Item 9A., the term disclosure controls and procedures means controls and other procedures of the Company (i) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (15 U.S.C. 78a *et seq.* and hereinafter the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC, and (ii) include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

On December 31, 2021, Ms. Yan reviewed the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report and has concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that material information relating to the Company is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC.

Report of Management on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Our internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance to our management and BOD regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements. Management conducted an assessment of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework and criteria established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013). Based on the assessment, management concluded that, as of December 31, 2021, our internal controls over financial reporting were effective at the reasonable assurance level based on those criteria.

Our independent public accountant has not conducted an audit of our controls and procedures regarding internal control over financial reporting and therefore expresses no opinion with regards to the effectiveness or implementation of our controls and procedures with regards to internal control over financial reporting.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with our evaluation of these controls as of the end of the fiscal year, December 31, 2021 as covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

The Company's management does not expect that its disclosure controls or its internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. The design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Further, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.

Item 9B. Other Information.

Not applicable.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections.

Not applicable.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Pursuant to Item 401 of Regulation S-K, the names and ages of the directors and executive officers and directors of the Company, and their positions with the Company, are detailed in the table below.

Name	Age	Position	Familial Relationships
Yin Yan	46	Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors	None
Dr. Sia Fooladian	41	Director	None
Sharon Mair	49	Director	None
Simon Shavanson	51	Director	None
Yang Yang Huang	39	Director	None
Tuan Tran	48	Vice President of Operations	None

Yin Yan, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors

Ms. Yan serves as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors. She began her career in 2000 at Intel Corp., as automation project manager. From 2004 to present, she has been president of H&Y International, LLC, a real estate investment and brokerage company. She is also a registered solicitor at NSW, Australia. Ms. Yan spends 20 hours per week on the affairs of H&Y International, LLC.

Dr. Sia Fooladian, Director

Sia Fooladian, MD, MPH is a board-certified Cardiac Anesthesiologist, Ironman triathlete, and a passionate advocate for a holistic, integrative approach to health and wellness. With over ten years of clinical experience caring for patients with an array of medical ailments, Dr. Fooladian understands the need for an integrative approach to health. He believes that optimal health can be achieved and maintained by holistic understanding of a patient's mind, body, and spirit and thereby, merging the best of Eastern and Western modalities to treat the root cause of disease.

Dr. Sia has seen firsthand how opioid addiction and the opioid crisis have affected the well-being of his patients. He has also witnessed complications, in both young and elderly patients, such as reversible and irreversible kidney failure, gastrointestinal bleeding, and liver dysfunction from pharmaceutical alternatives to opioids—NSAIDS (ibuprofen, Motrin, Alleve, etc.) and Tylenol. An expert in alleviating his patients' pain during and after surgery, Dr. Sia leveraged his medical knowledge and passion for creating impact to support integrative wellness. Dr. Fooladian maintains a daily practice of meditation and mindfulness, alongside nutraceutical supplementation and cold therapy in order to promote peak performance in his active lifestyle.

Dr. Fooladian holds a BA in history and education from UCLA. He received his MD and MPH in health management from The George Washington University School of Medicine and Health Sciences. He completed his residency and fellowship training at UCLA Medical Center, where he served as Chief Resident. He currently resides and practices in Orange County, California, and has done so for the past 10 years. The Company believes Dr. Fooladian's experience in the medical field will greatly benefit the Company as it expands is business model.

Sharon Mair, Director

Sharon Mair is a seasoned Medical and Pharmaceutical Senior Manager. Sharon has worked in various positions including Sales, Business Development, Marketing, Reimbursement and Operations. Sharon has over 18 years' experience in the Pharmaceutical supportive care space and was a part of the successful launch of several blockbuster products as well as a patient support division. She is currently employed by Otsuka Pharmaceutical Companies as a Senior Manager Field Operations.

Ms. Mair received her B.A. in Biology from the University of Southern California and a M.B.A. from Drexel University. The Company believes that Ms. Mair's experience in pharmaceutical sales and business development will greatly help the Company in expanding its business plan.

Simon Shavanson, Director

Mr. Shavanson is the founder and CEO at Shavanson Enterprises Corp and its affiliated companies since June 2011. With over 25 years of experience in the CPG and Retail industry, Mr. Shavanson has led the development of a shared services platform that would take brands and products from "Concept to Consumer." As a visionary and a passionate, relationship driven executive, he has created the platform with affiliated owned and partner companies to support brands as a turnkey solution for various needs including packaging components, R&D and formulation, fill-in & manufacturing, retail placement and staffing support for at-shelf demo and social& digital activation.

Mr. Shavanson started his career with his family business, First Quality back in February of 1994 and during his 18 years' tenure at the company, he held various roles in business development, Sales Management & Marketing where he was an integral part of the culture and growth of the businesses from under $20 million when he joined First Quality to over $3 billion in annual revenue when he decided to venture out in 2012. His passion for people and his relationships and integrity are his most important assets. Simon is a great creative visionary that has always strive to offer solutions to make his industry partners differentiate while offering solutions to elevate their position in the marketplace.

For the past 8 years, Mr. Shavanson has been working as a managing director and chief relationship officer for NuVu Group, managing and helping brands in retail placement, distribution and marketing. The Company believes Mr. Shavansan's vast experience will assist the Company in numerous ways, including sales and research and development matters.

Yang Yang Huang, Director

Ms. Yang has served as a director of the Company since November 2017. She has served as the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of Panjin Futian Petrochemical Industry Development Co., Ltd., since 2016. She has been previously employed by the People's Bank of China from 2007 to 2016 as a principal staff member responsible for approval of international payments made by commercial banks and monitoring of foreign exchange transactions. Prior to her position at People's Bank of China, Ms. Yang was employed by Industrial and Commercial Bank of China from 2005 to 2007 as a staff member. Ms. Yang holds a Ph.D. in finance from Dongbei University of Finance and Economics, a Masters in Management from the University of Leeds, and a B.A. in English and International Trade from Dalian University. The Company believes Ms. Yang's experiences will greatly assist the Company as it expands and implements is business plan.

B. Significant Employees.

Tuan Tran, VP of Operations

Mr. Tuan Tran has over 20 years of experience in quality and operations working in the Nutrition, Dietary Supplements and OTC industries. Mr. Tran current responsibilities includes but are not limited Production, Warehouse & Distribution, Quality, Customer Service, R&D, Procurement, Human Resources, and Safety.

Mr. Tran has extensive knowledge in FDA regulations, GMPs, food safety, auditing, quality system, HACCP, Process Analytical Technology, CAPA, and Lean Manufacturing. Mr. Tran also specializes in crisis management, regulatory compliance, quality systems implementation, and supplier qualification.

Mr. Tran received his Bachelors of Science Degree in Public Health from Southern Connecticut State University. He holds certifications in Pharmaceutical Engineering, Six Sigma Green Belt, Food Safety, Technical Writing and HACCP. Mr. Tran is a senior member with the American Society for Quality.

C. Family Relationships.

None.

D. Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings.

Except as otherwise disclosed, no officer, director, or persons nominated for such positions, promoter or significant employee has been involved in the last ten years in any of the following:

- Any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time;
- Any conviction in a criminal proceeding or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
- Being subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; and
- Being found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

Audit Committee

The Company has no separate audit committees. The Company has no qualified financial expert at this time because it has not been able to hire a qualified candidate. Further, the Company believes that it has inadequate financial resources at this time to hire such an expert. The Company intends to continue to search for a qualified individual for hire.

Code of Ethics

We do not currently have a code of ethics. The company is in the early stages of development and its chief executive officer, Ms. Yin, has not yet developed a code of ethics. The Company intends on developing one as the Company’s business expands.

Nominating Committee

We have not adopted any procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to our Board of Directors.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The Company does not have employment contracts with its officers or directors. All employees of the Company are at-will employees. The Company's principal executive and financial officer, Yin Yan, does not have a written employment agreement and does not earn a salary.

Summary Compensation Table

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Nonequity Incentive Plan Compensation	Change in pension value and nonqualified deferred compensation earnings	All Other Compensation	Total
Yin Yan (PEO)	2021	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

	Option awards					Stock awards			
Name	Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) exercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) unexercisable	Equity incentive plan awards: Number of securities underlying unexercised unearned options (#)	Option exercise price ($)	Option expiration date	Number of shares or units of stock that have not vested (#)	Market value of shares of units of stock that have not vested ($)	Equity incentive plan awards: Number of unearned shares, units or other rights that have not vested (#)	Equity incentive plan awards: Market or payout value of unearned shares, units or other rights that have not vested ($)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The Company does not have any outstanding equity awards for its employees.

Director Compensation

The following table provides information regarding the compensation of our named directors for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2021.

Name and Principal Position	Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings	All Other Compensation	Total
Yin Yan (Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Director)	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —
Yang Yang Huang (Director)	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —
Dr. Sia Fooladian, MD*	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —
Sharon Mair*	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —
Simon Shavanson*	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —

The Company's directors serve in unpaid positions and do not receive an annual salary, bonus, or other compensation for their role as board members.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The following table sets forth the ownership of our common stock by each person known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding common stock as a group as of December 31, 2021. There are no pending arrangements that may cause a change in control. The information presented below has been presented in accordance with the rules of the SEC and is not necessarily indicative of ownership for any other purpose.

A person is deemed to be a "beneficial owner" of a security if that person has or shares the power to vote or direct the voting of the security or the power to dispose or direct the disposition of the security. A person is deemed to own beneficially any security as to which such person has the right to acquire sole or shared voting or investment power within 60 days through the conversion or exercise of any convertible security, warrant, option or other right. More than one person may be deemed to be a beneficial owner of the same securities. The percentage of beneficial ownership by any person as of a particular date is calculated by dividing the number of shares beneficially owned by such person, which includes the number of shares as to which such person has the right to acquire voting or investment power within 60 days, by the sum of the number of shares outstanding as of such date plus the number of shares as to which such person has the right to acquire voting or investment power within 60 days. Consequently, the denominator used for calculating such percentage may be different for each beneficial owner.

Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Common Stock	Yin Yan[(1)] – 31921 Apuesto Way, Trabuco Canyon CA, 92679	9,000,000 shares—directly owned	27.3%
Common Stock	Jian Yang[(2)] – 2012 Paseo Del Mar, Palos Verdes Estates, CA 90274	21,000,000 shares—directly owned	63.6%

(1) Yin Yan is the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors
(2) Jain Yang is the Company's controlling shareholder and former director

This table is based upon information derived from our stock records. We believe that each of the shareholders named in this table has sole or shared voting and investment power with respect to the shares indicated as beneficially owned.

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following chart is provided pursuant to Item 201(d) of Regulation S-K:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants, and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	N/A	N/A	N/A
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL			0

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

Except as otherwise indicated herein, there have been no related party transactions, or any other transactions or relationships required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

Keith K. Zhen, CPA is the Company's independent registered public accounting firm. Below are aggregate fees billed by Keith K. Zhen, CPA for professional services rendered for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Audit Fees

The fees for the audit services billed and to be billed by Keith K. Zhen, CPA for the year ended December 31, 2021 amounted to $17,000.

Audit-Related Fees

None.

Tax Fees

There were no fees billed by Mr. Zhen for professional services for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning for 2021.

All Other Fees

There were no fees billed by Mr. Zhen for other products and services for 2021.

Audit Committee's Pre-Approval Process

The Board of Directors acts as the audit committee of the Company, and accordingly, all services are approved by all the members of the Board of Directors.

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) Exhibits:

Exhibit	Exhibit Description	Filed herewith	Form	Period ending	Exhibit	Filing date
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation		S-1		3.1	07/26/2019
3.2	By-Laws		S-1		3.2	07/26/2019
3.3	Certificate of Amendment		S-1		3.3	07/26/2019
4.1	Specimen Stock Certificate		S-1		4.1	07/26/2019
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	X				
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	X				
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	X				
32.2	Certification pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	X				
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document.					
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.					
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.					
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.					
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.					
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.					
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).					

(b) The following documents are filed as part of the report:

1. Financial Statements: Balance Sheet, Statement of Operations, Statement of Stockholder's Equity, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to Financial Statements.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Bio Essence Corp.

Dated: March 31, 2022

By: /s/ Yin Yan
Yin Yan, Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive and Financial Officer)

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

NAME	POSITION	DATE
/s/ Yin Yan Yin Yan	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer), Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) Chief Accounting Officer (Controller or Principal Accounting Officer), and Director	March 31, 2022
/s/ Sia Fooladian Dr. Sia Fooladian	Director	March 31, 2022
/s/ Sharon Mair Sharon Mair	Director	March 31, 2022
/s/ Simon Shavanson Simon Shavanson	Director	March 31, 2022
/s/ Yang Yang Huang Yang Yang Huang	Director	March 31, 2022

KEITH K. ZHEN, CPA
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
2070 WEST 6TH STREET • BROOKLYN, NY 11223 • TEL (347) 408-0693 • FAX (347) 602-4686 • EMAIL KEITHZHEN@YAHOO.COM

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and
Stockholders of Bio Essence Corp.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Bio Essence Corp. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2021, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern Matter

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company has incurred recurring net losses with significant accumulated deficit, and negative cash flows from operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. We determined that there were no critical audit matters.

/S/ Keith K Zhen CPA
Keith K Zhen CPA

PCAOB ID 6673

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2020

Brooklyn, NY
March 31, 2022

BIO ESSENCE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021	AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	$ 303	$ 5,325
Accounts receivable, net	16,820	45,077
Prepaid expenses	31,870	2,259
Advance to suppliers	-	4,732
Inventory, net	212,969	272,232
Total current assets	261,962	329,625
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Security deposit	41,841	41,841
Right-of-use assets, net	1,213,472	1,374,158
Property and equipment, net	180,909	92,477
Intangible assets, net	1,037	7,386
Total non-current assets	1,437,259	1,515,862
TOTAL ASSETS	**$ 1,699,221**	**$ 1,845,487**
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Bank overdraft	$ 19,032	$ 63,895
Accounts payable	62,583	50,382
Taxes payable	12,428	22,967
Accrued liabilities and other payables	77,109	357,138
Operating lease liabilities	161,732	157,170
Accrued interest on government loans	13,054	4,740
Government loans payable - current portion	4,427	130,591
Loan payables	11,814	-
Loan from shareholder	2,393,785	1,108,008
Total current liabilities	2,755,964	1,894,891
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accrued rent	-	234,383
Operating lease liabilities	1,122,902	1,284,635
Loan payables	37,918	-
Government loans payable	211,173	212,750
Total non-current liabilities	1,371,993	1,731,768
TOTAL LIABILITIES	**4,127,957**	**3,626,659**
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Preferred stock $0.0001 par value; authorized shares 10,000,000	-	-
Common stock $0.0001 par value; authorized shares 100,000,000; issued and outstanding shares 33,009,000 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020	3,301	3,301
Additional paid in capital	4,926,879	4,926,879
Accumulated deficit	(7,358,916)	(6,711,352)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	(2,428,736)	(1,781,172)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	**$ 1,699,221**	**$ 1,845,487**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BIO ESSENCE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,	
	2021	**2020**
Revenues		
Sales of goods	$ 774,066	$ 958,700
Manufacture service revenue	113,918	-
Total revenues	887,984	958,700
Cost of revenues		
Sales of goods	497,905	731,413
Cost of manufacture service	91,755	-
Total cost of revenues	589,660	731,413
Gross profit	298,324	227,287
Operating expenses		
Selling	70,193	150,093
Bad debts	8,615	1,872
General and administrative	1,077,043	907,888
Total operating expenses	1,155,851	1,059,853
Loss from operations	(857,527)	(832,566)
Other income (expenses)		
Interest expense	(38,558)	(41,900)
Financial expense	(9,699)	(24,397)
Other income	266,464	307,827
Other expense	(4,944)	(1,502)
Other income, net	213,263	240,028
Loss before income tax	(644,264)	(592,538)
Income tax expense	3,300	3,300
Net loss	**$ (647,564)**	**$ (595,838)**
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding	33,009,000	33,034,547
Basic and diluted net loss per share	**$ (0.02)**	**$ (0.02)**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BIO ESSENCE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,	
	2021	**2020**
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	$ (647,564)	$ (595,838)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	35,802	33,280
Bad debts	8,615	1,872
Reversal of inventory impairment	-	(12,840)
Stock compensation expense	-	8,890
Operating lease expense	229,245	229,245
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	(1,089)	-
PPP Loan forgiveness	(242,985)	-
Increase (decrease) in assets: Increase (decrease) in assets: Changes in assets / liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	19,641	(24,491)
Prepaid expenses	(29,611)	(2,258)
Advance to suppliers	4,733	(1,954)
Security deposit	-	33,500
Inventory	59,263	256,601
Accounts payable	12,202	(25,236)
Accrued liabilities and other payables	(506,101)	(424,731)
Taxes payable	(10,539)	10,838
Payment on lease liabilities	(225,730)	(219,622)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,294,118)	(732,744)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets	2,700	-
Purchase of fixed assets	(119,496)	(7,365)
Net cash used in investing activities	(116,796)	(7,365)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Bank overdraft	(44,863)	28,624
Return of investment to investor	-	(100,000)
Proceeds from government loans (SBA)	115,245	343,340
Proceeds from loans	53,767	-
Repayment of loans	(4,034)	-
Loan from shareholder	1,285,777	457,309
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,405,892	729,273
NET DECREASE IN CASH & EQUIVALENTS	(5,022)	(10,836)
CASH & EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,325	16,161
CASH & EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	**$ 303**	**$ 5,325**
Supplemental Cash Flow Data:		
Income tax paid	$ 3,300	$ 3,300
Interest paid	$ 38,558	$ 41,905

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities:

The Company's PPP loan was forgiven by the SBA in the amount of $242,985.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BIO ESSENCE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	COMMON - STOCK SHARES	COMMON - STOCK AMOUNT	ADDITIONAL PAID IN CAPITAL	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	TOTAL
Balance at January 1, 2020	33,209,000	$ 3,321	$ 5,026,859	$ (6,115,514)	$ (1,085,334)
Net loss	-	-	-	(595,838)	(595,838)
Return of investment to investor	(200,000)	(20)	(99,980)	-	(100,000)
Balance at December 31, 2020	33,009,000	3,301	4,926,879	(6,711,352)	(1,781,172)
Net loss	-	-	-	(647,564)	(647,564)
Balance at December 31, 2021	33,009,000	$ 3,301	$ 4,926,879	$ (7,358,916)	$ (2,428,736)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BIO ESSENCE CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

1. ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Bio Essence Corporation ("the Company" or "Bio Essence") was incorporated in 2000 in the state of California. Fusion Diet Systems ("FDS") was incorporated in 2010 in the state of Utah. Bio Essence and FDS were under common control since 2016. Bio Essence and FDS are mainly engaged in manufacturing and distributing health supplement products. In January 2017, Bio Essence incorporated two subsidiaries in the state of California: Bio Essence Pharmaceutical Inc. ("BEP") and Bio Essence Herbal Essentials, Inc. ("BEH"), Bio Essence transferred its manufacturing operation to BEP, and transferred its distributing operation to BEH. On March 1, 2017, the 100% shareholder of FDS transferred all of her ownership in FDS to Bio Essence. On December 7, 2021, the Company dissolved FDS. On November 12, 2021, Bio Essence incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary McBE Pharma Inc. ("McBE") in the state of California, McBE will be engaged in developing, manufacturing and sales of prescription medicine. As a result of the ownership restructure, BEP BEH and McBE became wholly owned subsidiaries of Bio Essence. McBE has not engaged any operations since its inception.

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus, causing a disease referred to as COVID-19, was reported. In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak a pandemic, and the pandemic has resulted in quarantines, travel restrictions, and the temporary closure of office buildings and facilities in the US. The state of California, where the Company is headquartered, has been affected by COVID-19. The global economy has also been materially negatively affected by COVID-19 and there is continued uncertainty about the duration and intensity of its impacts. While the potential economic impact brought by, and the duration of, COVID-19 may be difficult to assess or predict, a widespread pandemic could result in significant disruption of global financial markets, reducing the Company's ability to access capital, which could negatively affect the Company's liquidity.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements ("CFS") are prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("US GAAP") and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regarding interim financial reporting. The functional currency of Bio Essence is U.S. dollars ("$''). The accompanying financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars ("$"). The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, BEP, BEH and McBE. All significant inter-company transactions and balances were eliminated in consolidation.

Going Concern

The Company incurred net losses of $647,564 and $595,838 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Company also had an accumulated deficit of $7,358,916 as of December 31, 2021. These conditions raise a substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company plans to increase its income by strengthening its sales force, providing attractive sales incentive program, and increasing marketing and promotion activities. Management also intends to raise additional funds by way of a private or public offering, or by obtaining loans from banks or others. While the Company believes in the viability of its strategy to generate sufficient revenue and in its ability to raise additional funds on reasonable terms and conditions, there can be no assurances to that effect. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company's ability to further implement its business plan and generate sufficient revenue and its ability to raise additional funds by way of a public or private offering. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with US GAAP, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Significant estimates, required by management, include the recoverability of long-lived assets, allowance for doubtful accounts, and the reserve for obsolete and slow-moving inventories. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Leases

The Company follows ASC 842 and determines if an arrangement is a lease or contains a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets, and operating lease liabilities (current and non-current) in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Finance leases are included in property and equipment, and finance lease liabilities (current and non-current) in the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company generally uses the incremental borrowing rate based on the estimated rate of interest for collateralized borrowing over a similar term of the lease payments at commencement date. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company elected the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance to combine the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component for operating leases associated with the Company's office space lease, and to keep leases with an initial term of 12 months or less off the balance sheet and recognize the associated lease payments in the consolidated statements of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

ROU assets are reviewed for impairment when indicators of impairment are present. ROU assets from operating and finance leases are subject to the impairment guidance in ASC 360, Property, Plant, and Equipment, as ROU assets are long-lived nonfinancial assets. The Company recognized no impairment of ROU assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Cash and Equivalents

For financial statement purposes, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

The Company's policy is to maintain an allowance for potential credit losses on accounts receivable. Management reviews the composition of accounts receivable and analyzes historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit worthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment patterns to evaluate the adequacy of these reserves. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the bad debt allowance was $2,252 and $151,372, respectively.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost determined on a weighted-average basis. Management compares the cost of inventories with the net realizable value and an allowance is made for writing down their inventories to net realizable value, if lower.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation, and impairment losses, if any. Major repairs and betterments that significantly extend original useful lives or improve productivity are capitalized and depreciated over the period benefited. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and any gain or loss is included in operations. Depreciation of property and equipment is provided using the straight-line method for substantially all assets as follows:

Leasehold improvements	7-10 years
Office furniture	5 years

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, which include property and equipment and intangible assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

Recoverability of long-lived assets to be held and used is measured by comparing of the carrying amount of an asset to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by it. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated undiscounted future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value ("FV"). FV is generally determined using the asset's expected future discounted cash flows or market value, if readily determinable. Based on its review, the Company believes that, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, there was no significant impairments of its long-lived assets.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for using an asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes." Under this method, income tax expense is recognized for the amount of: (i) taxes payable or refundable for the current period and (ii) deferred tax consequences of temporary differences resulting from matters that have been recognized in an entity's financial statements or tax returns. Deferred tax assets also include the prior years' net operating losses carried forward. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the results of operations in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is provided to reduce the deferred tax assets reported if based on the weight of the available positive and negative evidence, it is more likely than not some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The Company follows ASC Topic 740, which prescribes a more-likely-than-not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. ASC Topic 740 also provides guidance on recognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, accounting for income taxes in interim periods, and income tax disclosures.

Under the provisions of ASC Topic 740, when tax returns are filed, it is likely that some positions taken would be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, while others are subject to uncertainty about the merits of the position taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. The benefit of a tax position is recognized in the financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any. Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions. Tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefits associated with tax positions taken that exceeds the amount measured as described above is reflected as a liability for unrecognized tax benefits in the accompanying balance sheets along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination. Interest associated with unrecognized tax benefits is classified as interest expense and penalties are classified in selling, general and administrative expenses in the statement of income.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not take any uncertain positions that would necessitate recording a tax related liability. The Company files a U.S. income tax return. With few exceptions, the Company's U.S. income tax return filed for the years ending on December 31, 2018 and thereafter are subject to examination by the relevant taxing authorities.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenues following the five-step model prescribed under ASC 606: (i) identify contract(s) with a customer; (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determine the transaction price; (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognize revenues when (or as) we satisfy the performance obligation.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration we expect to receive in exchange for the sale of our product, which occurs at a point in time, typically upon delivery to the customer. The Company expenses incremental costs of obtaining a contract as and when incurred if the expected amortization period of the asset that it would have recognized is one year or less or the amount is immaterial.

Revenues from sales of goods are measured at net of reserves established for applicable discounts and allowances that are offered within contracts with the Company's customers, and are recognized when the goods are delivered to the customers.

Product revenue reserves, which are classified as a reduction in product revenues, are generally characterized in the following categories: discounts, returns and rebates. These reserves are based on estimates of the amounts earned or to be claimed on the related sales and are classified as reductions of accounts receivable as the amount is payable to the Company's customers.

Revenues from manufacture services are recognized when the manufacture process is completed pursuant to the customers' requirement and the manufactured goods were delivered to the customers.

The Company's return policy allows for the return of damaged or defective products and shipment errors. A notice of damage or wrong items should make within five days from receiving the goods, and actual return of the products must be completed within 30 days from the date of receiving the goods. Delayed notification for damaged or wrong products will not be accepted for return or exchange. Custom formulas and capsules are not returnable. The amount for return of products was immaterial for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of goods sold ("COGS") consists primarily of finished goods purchased from other manufacturers, material costs, labor costs and related overhead that are directly attributable to the production of the products. Write-down of inventory to lower of cost or net realizable value is also recorded in COGS.

Cost of manufacture service consists primarily of direct labor costs and related overhead that are directly attributable to the manufacture process.

Shipping and Handling Costs

Shipping and handling costs related to delivery of finished goods are included in selling expenses. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, shipping and handling costs were $36,706 and $51,081, respectively.

Advertising

Advertising expenses consist primarily of costs of promotion and marketing for the Company's image and products, and costs of direct advertising, and are included in selling expenses. The Company expenses all advertising costs as incurred. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, advertising expense was $21,727 and $31,617, respectively.

Fair Value ("FV") of Financial Instruments

Certain of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and equivalents, accrued liabilities and accounts payable, carrying amounts approximate their FV due to their short maturities. FASB ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments," requires disclosure of the FV of financial instruments held by the Company. The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for current liabilities each qualify as financial instruments and are a reasonable estimate of their FV because of the short period of time between the origination of such instruments and their expected realization and the current market rate of interest.

Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," defines FV, and establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosures of FV measurement that enhances disclosure requirements for FV measures. The three levels are defined as follow:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the FV measurement.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not identify any assets and liabilities that are required to be presented on the balance sheet at FV. The carrying value of cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, advances to suppliers, accounts payable, taxes payable, other payables and accrued liabilities approximate estimated fair values because of their short maturities.

Share-based Compensation

The Company accounts for share-based compensation awards in accordance with ASC 718, "Compensation – Stock Compensation". The cost of services received from employees and non-employees in exchange for awards of equity instruments is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations based on the estimated fair value of those awards on the grant date and amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period or vesting period. The Company records forfeitures as they occur.

Earnings (Loss) per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is computed similar to basic net income per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if all the potential common shares pertaining to warrants, stock options, and similar instruments had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. Diluted EPS are based on the assumption that all dilutive convertible shares and stock options and warrants were converted or exercised. Dilution is computed by applying the treasury stock method for the outstanding unvested restricted stock, options and warrants, and the if-converted method for the outstanding convertible instruments. Under the treasury stock method, options and warrants are assumed to be exercised at the beginning of the period (or at the time of issuance, if later) and as if funds obtained thereby were used to purchase common stock at the average market price during the period. Under the if-converted method, outstanding convertible instruments are assumed to be converted into common stock at the beginning of the period (or at the time of issuance, if later). There were no potentially dilutive securities outstanding (options and warrants) for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of accounts and other receivables. The Company does not require collateral or other security to support these receivables. The Company conducts periodic reviews of the financial condition and payment practices of its customers to minimize collection risk on accounts receivable.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, no customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's total sales.

The Company had three major vendors accounted for 33%, 17% and 17%, respectively, of total purchases during the year ended December 31, 2021. The Company had two major vendors accounted for 28% and 19%, respectively, of total purchase during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Segment Reporting

ASC Topic 280, "Segment Reporting," requires use of the "management approach" model for segment reporting. The management approach model is based on the way a company's chief operating decision maker organizes segments within the Company for making operating decisions assessing performance and allocating resources. Reportable segments are based on products and services, geography, legal structure, management structure, or any other manner in which management disaggregates a company.

Management determined the Company's operations constitute a single reportable segment in accordance with ASC 280. The Company operates exclusively in one business and industry segment: manufacture and sale of health supplement products.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. The guidance removes Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test, which requires a hypothetical purchase price allocation. A goodwill impairment will now be the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. The guidance should be adopted on a prospective basis. As a smaller reporting company, the standard will be effective for the Company for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this standard on its CFS.

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, Debt - Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470- 20) and Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity ("ASU 2020-06"), which simplifies the accounting for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. This ASU (1) simplifies the accounting for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock by removing the existing guidance in ASC 470-20, Debt: Debt with Conversion and Other Options, that requires entities to account for beneficial conversion features and cash conversion features in equity, separately from the host convertible debt or preferred stock; (2) revises the scope exception from derivative accounting in ASC 815-40 for freestanding financial instruments and embedded features that are both indexed to the issuer's own stock and classified in stockholders' equity, by removing certain criteria required for equity classification; and (3) revises the guidance in ASC 260, Earnings Per Share, to require entities to calculate diluted earnings per share (EPS) for convertible instruments by using the if-converted method. In addition, entities must presume share settlement for purposes of calculating diluted EPS when an instrument may be settled in cash or shares. For SEC filers, excluding smaller reporting companies, ASU 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021 including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. For all other entities, ASU 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Entities should adopt the guidance as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption and cannot adopt the guidance in an interim reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2020-06 may have on its CFS and related disclosures.

3. INVENTORY

Inventory consisted of the following at December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Raw materials	$ 49,706	$ 42,423
Finished goods – health supplements	189,360	255,906
Less: Inventory impairment allowance	(26,097)	(26,097)
Total	$ 212,969	$ 272,232

4. SECURITY DEPOSIT

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the security deposit was for rent of the Company's office and warehouse of $41,841.

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Leaseholder improvements	$ 57,067	$ 57,067
Office furniture and equipment	287,029	170,917
Total	344,096	227,984
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(163,187)	(135,507)
Net	$ 180,909	$ 92,477

Depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was $29,453 and $22,564, respectively.

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

Intangible assets consisted of the following as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Computer Software	$ 36,928	$ 36,928
Trademark	2,350	2,350
Total	39,278	39,278
Less: Accumulated amortization	(38,241)	(31,892)
Net	$ 1,037	$ 7,386

Amortization of intangible assets was $6,349 and $10,716 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Estimated amortization for the existing intangible assets with finite lives for each of the next five years at December 31, 2021 is as follows: $240, $240, $240, $240 and $77.

7. TAXES PAYABLE

Taxes payable at December 31, 2021 and 2020 was for sales tax and payroll tax payable of $12,428 and $22,967, respectively.

8. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND OTHER PAYABLES

Accrued liabilities and other payables consisted of the following December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Accrued expenses	$ 9,636	$ 720
Credit card payable	39,190	14,538
Customer deposit	28,283	-
Accrued litigation liabilities - rent	-	341,880
Total	$ 77,109	$ 357,138
Accrued litigation liabilities – rent, non-current	$ -	$ 234,383

The Company was involved in legal proceedings involving a lease with its former landlord, and its former sublessor. On December 9, 2016, the Company entered into a lease with its former landlord for a warehouse facility located in San Leandro, California (the "Premises"). On November 1, 2017, the Company entered into a sublease with a former sublessor, whereby the former sublessor would occupy a portion of the Premises.

Beginning in April of 2018, the former sublessor began violating its sublease by failing to pay rent, utilities, and operating a cannabis operation in the Premises, which constituted a violation of the sublease. The former landlord instructed the Company to evict the former sublessor. Thereafter, the Company was forced to leave the Premises because of the former sublessor's activities.

The former landlord initiated litigation against the Company seeking $2.09 million in damages for lost rental profits. The Company filed a cross-complaint against the former sublessor for breach of the sublease agreement, seeking damages related to the Company's breach of the lease, costs, and attorney's fees. On August 7, 2020, the Company executed a Settlement Agreement and Release with the former landlord, wherein the Company shall pay the former landlord the sum of $750,000 through 24 equal installment payment at 10% interest pursuant to a payment schedule. The Company shall have the Early Payment Option ("EPO"), to fully satisfy its obligation to former landlord through a payment of $700,000, to be made no later than January 1, 2021, or the option is waived if the EPO is not fully paid by January 1, 2021. Concurrently with execution of this settlement agreement, the Company shall also execute the Stipulation for Dismissal of Bio Essence, Retention of Jurisdiction, and Entry of Judgment in event of default on the settlement agreement. The Company did not utilize the EPO. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company didn't make any repayment. In May 2021, The Company's major shareholder loaned the Company for repaying the entire outstanding liability of $608,631, including principal of $576,263, interest expense of $23,840, and other costs of $8,528.

9. GOVERNMENT LOANS PAYABLE

In May and June 2020, BEH, BEP and FDS received a total of $127,740 from the Paycheck Protection Program loan ("PPP loan") from US Small Business Administration ("the SBA"). The loan will be fully forgiven if the funds are used for payroll costs, interest on mortgages, rent, and utilities (at least 60% of the forgiven amount must have been used for payroll). The loan amount not forgiven, will have annual interest of 1%. Loan payments will be deferred to either (1) the date that SBA remits the borrower's loan forgiveness amount to the lender or (2) if the borrower does not apply for loan forgiveness, 10 months after the end of the borrower's loan forgiveness covered period. Loans issued prior to June 5, 2020 have a maturity of two years, loans issued after June 5, 2020 have a maturity of five years. No collateral or personal guarantees are required. A borrower may apply for loan forgiveness any time on or before the maturity date of the loan, including before the end of the Covered Period (either (1) the 24-week (168-day) period beginning on the PPP Loan Disbursement Date, or (2) if the Borrower received its PPP loan before June 5, 2020, the Borrower may elect to use an eight-week (56-day) Covered Period); provided such application for loan forgiveness is made within 10 months after the last day of the covered period, otherwise the loan is no longer deferred and the borrower must begin paying principal and interest. Subsequently, The U.S. Treasury and SBA announced a streamlined PPP forgiveness application for loans of $50,000 or less (unless those borrowers together with their affiliates received loans totaling $2 million or more). It requires fewer calculations and may call for less documentation. It does not require borrowers to reduce their loan forgiveness calculations if they have reduced full-time equivalent ("FTE") or salaries. In addition, in February 2021, BEH, BEP and FDS received a total of $115,245 from the second round of PPP loan from the SBA. As of December 31, 2021, all BEH, BEP and FDS' PPP loans' forgiveness were approved and the Company recorded $242,985 PPP loan forgiveness as other income in the year ended December 31, 2021.

In May and June 2020, BEH, BEP and FDS received total of $215,600 from the Economic Injury Disaster Loan ("EIDL loan") from the SBA after deducting $100 Uniform Commercial Code ("UCC") handling charge and filing fee for each company. This is a low-interest federal disaster loan for working capital to small businesses and non-profit organizations of any size suffering substantial economic injury as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19), to help the businesses to meet financial obligations and operating expenses that could have been met had the disaster not occurred. This loan has interest of 3.75% and is not forgivable. The maturity of the loan is 30 years, installment payments including principal and interest of $515 monthly will begin 12 months from the date of the promissory note. On March 4, 2022, The FDS transferred its EIDL loan to BEC due to the dissolution of FDS.

As of December 31, 2021, the future minimum loan payments (including the PPP loan and EIDL loan) to be paid by year are as follows:

Year Ending	Amount
December 31, 2022	$ 4,427
December 31, 2023	4,596
December 31, 2024	4,771
December 31, 2025	4,953
December 31, 2026	5,142
Thereafter	191,711
Total	$ 215,600

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Loans from Shareholder

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had loans from one major shareholder (also the Company's senior officer) of $1,785,154 and $1,108,008, respectively. At December 31, 2021, the Company had loan from another major shareholder for $608,631 for settling the litigation (see Note 8). There are no written loan agreements for these loans. These loans are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment, and therefore, deemed payable on demand. Cash flows from loans form shareholder are classified as cash flows from financing activities.

11. INCOME TAXES

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to 21% federal corporate income tax in US.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had net operating loss ("NOL") for income tax purposes; for federal income tax purposes, the NOL arising in tax years beginning after 2017 may only reduce 80% of a taxpayer's taxable income, and may be carried forward indefinitely; for California income tax purposes, the entire NOL can be carried forward up to 20 years. However, the coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("the CARES Act") issued in March 2020, provides tax relief to both corporate and noncorporate taxpayers by adding a five-year carryback period and temporarily repealing the 80% limitation for NOLs arising in 2018, 2019 and 2020.

The Company has NOL carry-forwards for Federal and California income tax purposes of $5.70 million and $5.06 million at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. No tax benefit was reported with respect to these NOL carry-forwards in the accompanying consolidated financial statements because the Company believes the realization of the Company's net deferred tax assets for the NOL for both federal and California State of approximately $1.18 million as of December 31, 2021, was not considered more likely than not and accordingly, the potential tax benefits of the net loss carry-forwards are fully offset by a full valuation allowance.

Components of the Company's deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Net deferred tax assets:		
Bad debt expense	$ 1,978	$ 42,359
Inventory impairment (reversal)	697	(1,847)
Operating lease charge	14,821	6,995
Depreciation and amortization	(2,561)	(168)
Expected income tax benefit from NOL carry-forwards	1,181,525	1,459,675
Less: valuation allowance	(1,196,460)	(1,507,014)
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance	$ -	$ -

Income Tax Provision in the Statements of Operations

A reconciliation of the consolidated federal statutory income tax rate and the effective income tax rate as a percentage of income before income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	2021	2020
Federal statutory income tax expense (benefit) rate	(21.00)%	(21.00)%
State statutory income tax (benefit) rate, net of effect of state income tax deductible to federal income tax	(6.44)%	(6.43)%
Change in valuation allowance	26.93%	26.87%
Effective income tax rate	0.51%	0.56%

The provision for income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following:

	2021	2020
Income tax expense – current	$ 3,300	$ 3,300
Income tax benefit – current	-	-
Total income tax expense	$ 3,300	$ 3,300

12. LEASES

Operating Leases

Warehouse and office lease

Effective October 1, 2018, the Company entered a 62.5 months lease for a facility including warehouse and office in the City of Irvine, California, with a security deposit of $41,841. The monthly rent is approximately $16,200 with a 3% increase each year. The lease provided an option to extend at lease maturity for another five-years, with six months prior written notice of lessee's intention to extend the lease. The Company's CEO is the guarantor of this lease. Lessor will have the right to proceed against guarantor following any breach or default by lessee without first proceeding against lessee and without previous notice to or demand upon either lessee or guarantor.

The components of lease costs, lease term and discount rate with respect of warehouse and office lease in the City of Irvine with an initial term of more than 12 months are as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2020
Operating lease cost	$ 213,124	$ 213,124
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term - Operating leases including options to renew	6.76 years	7.76 years
Weighted Average Discount Rate - Operating leases	5%	5%

The following is a schedule, by years, of maturities of warehouse and office lease liabilities as of December 31, 2021:

For the 12 months ending	Operating Leases
December 31, 2022	$ 215,989
December 31, 2023	222,469
December 31, 2024	225,757
December 31, 2025	225,757
December 31, 2026	225,757
Thereafter	395,072
Total undiscounted cash flows	1,510,802
Less: imputed interest	(232,340)
Present value of lease liabilities	$ 1,278,462

Equipment leases

In 2017, the Company entered two leases for two copiers with terms of 60 and 63 months respectively, and monthly payments of $162 and $213, respectively. The Company also entered two leases for two forklifts with a term of 60 months for each, and the monthly payment was $292 and $669, respectively.

The components of lease costs, lease term and discount rate with respect of equipment lease with an initial term of more than 12 months are as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2020
Operating lease cost	$ 16,121	$ 16,121
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term - Operating leases	0.44 years	1.44 years
Weighted Average Discount Rate - Operating leases	5%	5%

The following is a schedule, by years, of maturities of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2021:

For the 12 months ending	Operating Leases
December 31, 2022	$ 6,262
Total undiscounted cash flows	6,262
Less: imputed interest	(89)
Present value of lease liabilities	$ 6,173

13. LOAN PAYABLES

In June 2021, the Company entered a loan agreement of $14,549 for purchasing a Videojet with interest rate of 14.11% and a term of three-years. In September 2021, the Company entered another loan agreement of $39,218 for purchasing a spectrophotometer workstation with interest rate of 10.26% and a term of five-years. The Company recorded interest expense of $1,905 during the year ended December 31, 2021. As of December 31, 2021, the outstanding loans payables was $49,732.

The following is a schedule, by years, of maturities of loan payable as of December 31, 2021:

For the 12 months ending	Operating Leases
December 31, 2022	$ 15,882
December 31, 2023	15,882
December 31, 2024	12,435
December 31, 2025	9,974
December 31, 2026	7,480
Total undiscounted cash flows	61,653
Less: imputed interest	(11,921)
Present value of lease liabilities	$ 49,732

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company follows the guidance in FASB ASC 855-10 for the disclosure of subsequent events. The Company evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued and determined the Company did not have any material subsequent event.

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13A-14(A)/15D-14(A), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.

BIO ESSENCE CORP.

OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 302

I, Yin Yan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-K of Bio Essence Corp.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. I am the registrant's principal executive officer and thus am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information, including but not limited to those identified in Item 4 (Controls and Procedures) in the registrant's annual report on Form 10-K; and

b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: March 31, 2022

By: /s/ *Yin Yan*
Yin Yan
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13A-14(A)/15D-14(A), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.

CERTIFICATE OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

BIO ESSENCE CORP.
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report for Bio Essence Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Yin Yan, Principal Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

(3) A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Yin Yan and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Dated: March 31, 2022

By: /s/ Yin Yan
Yin Yan
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13A-14(A)/15D-14(A), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.

CERTIFICATE OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

BIO ESSENCE CORP.
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Bio Essence Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Yin Yan, Principal Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Yin Yan and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Dated: March 31, 2022

By: /s/ Yin Yan
Yin Yan
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13A-14(A)/15D-14(A), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.

BIO ESSENCE CORP.
OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 302

I, Yin Yan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-K of Bio Essence Corp.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. I am the registrant’s principal financial officer and am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information in the registrant’s annual report on Form 10-K; and

b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: March 31, 2022

By: /s/ *Yin Yan*
Yin Yan
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)